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The Corporation of the Township of Chisholm
Financial Statements
For the year ended December 31, 2023

# The Corporation of the Township of Chisholm Financial Statements For the year ended December 31, 2023

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BDO Canada LLP 1164 Devonshire Avenue, Unit 300A North Bay, Ontario P1B 6X7

## Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Council, Inhabitants and Ratepayers of the The Corporation of the Township of Chisholm

#### Qualified Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of The Corporation of the Township of Chisholm (the Township), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2023, the statements of operations and accumulated surplus, change in net financial (liabilities) assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of the report, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Township as at December 31, 2023, and its results of operations, its change in net financial assets and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

#### **Basis for Qualified Opinion**

Effective January 1, 2023, the Township was required to adopt PS 3280 Asset Retirement Obligations which requires the recognition of legal obligations associated with the retirement of tangible capital assets by public sector entities. Under the modified retroactive application method, the asset retirement obligation on transition is to be recorded using assumptions as of January 1, 2023. The corresponding asset retirement cost is added to the carrying value of the related tangible capital assets adjusted for amortization since the time the legal obligation was incurred. The net adjustment is charged to accumulated surplus. Comparative figures are to be restated to reflect this change in accounting policy. Management has not completed its assessment of the tangible capital assets for potential retirement obligations. As a result, it is not possible to quantify the impact of this departure from Canadian public sector accounting standards on expenses and annual surplus for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, tangible capital assets and the asset retirement obligation as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, and accumulated surplus as at January 1 and December 31 for both the 2023 and 2022 years.

As a result of PS 3280 not being adopted, the Township accounts for its landfill closure and post-closure liability in accordance with the withdrawn PS Section 3270, Solid Waste Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Liability. As a result, it is not possible to quantify the impact of this departure from Canadian public sector accounting standards on expenses and annual surplus for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, landfill closure and post-closure liability as at December 31, 2023 and 2022, and accumulated surplus as at January 1 and December 31 for both the 2023 and 2022 years.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Township in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

#### Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from

## BDO

material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Township's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Township or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Township's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
  evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting
  a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
  involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal
  control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Township's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Township to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the
  disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in
  a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

BDO Canada LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants North Bay, Ontario June 27, 2024

# The Corporation of the Township of Chisholm Statement of Financial Position

December 31	2023	2022
Financial assets Cash and cash equivalents (Note 6) Taxes receivable (Note 2) Accounts receivable (Note 3)	\$ 1,318,669 \$ 233,249 226,133	1,095,149 181,472 250,675
	1,778,051	1,527,296
Liabilities Accounts payable (Note 7) Deferred revenue (Note 11) Long-term debt (Note 8) Post employment benefits accrual (Note 10) Landfill closure and post closure accrual (Note 9)	973,857 122,389 904,226 19,516 223,146	162,981 508,877 337,619 10,815 219,308
Net financial (liabilities) assets	(465,083)	287,696
Non-financial assets Tangible capital assets (Note 5) Inventories (Note 4)	8,663,107 87,438 8,750,545	7,649,890 69,460 7,719,350
Accumulated surplus (Note 13)	\$ 8,285,462 \$	8,007,046

On behalf of Council:	
Live <b>d</b>	, Clerk-Treasurer
Ekthologijaet 190421	, cterk-freasurer
27FF4A6603840A	, Mayor

# The Corporation of the Township of Chisholm Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus

For the year ended December 31	···	2023 Budget (Note 14)	2023 Actual	2022 Actual
Revenues Taxation (Note 14) Government transfers and grants User fees Other	\$	1,796,465 539,750 97,150 41,000	\$ 1,809,481 \$ 1,214,404	\$ 1,740,152 755,014 57,532 128,220
	_	2,474,365	3,325,969	2,680,918
Expenses (Note 16)				
Transportation services (Note 8) General government Protection to persons and property Social and family services Environmental services Planning and development Recreation and culture Health services	_	923,120 511,234 341,681 353,048 104,238 28,750 42,112 41,027	1,463,062 536,477 444,676 353,050 103,830 48,047 54,721 43,690	1,391,997 501,926 328,241 336,689 121,883 25,595 58,308 43,877
		2,345,210	3,047,553	2,808,516
Annual surplus (deficit)		129,155	278,416	(127,598)
Accumulated surplus, beginning of year		8,007,046	8,007,046	8,134,644
Accumulated surplus, end of year	\$	8,136,201	\$ 8,285,462	8,007,046

# The Corporation of the Township of Chisholm Statement of Changes in Net Financial (Liabilities) Assets

For the year ended December 31	2023 Budget (Note 15)		2023 Actual	2022 Actual
Annual surplus (deficit)	\$ 129,155	\$	278,416 \$	(127,598)
Acquisition of tangible capital assets Amortization of tangible capital assets	 -	Ī	(1,626,249) 613,033	(387,782) 616,068
	 129,155		(734,800)	100,688
Acquisition of inventories Consumption of inventories	-		(87,438) 69,459	(69,460) 51,953
	 -		(17,979)	(17,507)
Increase (decrease) in net financial assets	129,155		(752,779)	83,181
Net financial assets, beginning of year	 287,696		287,696	204,515
Net financial (liabilities) assets, end of year	\$ 416,851	\$	(465,083) \$	287,696

# The Corporation of the Township of Chisholm Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended December 31		2023	2022
Cash provided by (used in)			
Operating transactions Annual surplus (deficit)	\$	<b>278,416</b> \$	(127,598)
Items not involving cash	~	270,110	(127,370)
Amortization of tangible capital assets		613,033	616,068
Changes in non-cash operating balances		891,449	488,470
Taxes receivable		(51,777)	58,964
Accounts receivable		24,542	268,924
Accounts payable		810,876	(36,492)
Deferred revenue		(386,488)	304,215
Post employment benefits accrual		8,701	(3,929)
Landfill closure and post closure accrual		3,838	(4,357)
Inventories	_	(17,978)	(17,507)
	*********	1,283,163	1,058,288
Capital transactions			
Acquisition of tangible capital assets		1,626,249)	(387,782)
Financing transactions			
Proceeds from long-term borrowing		646,021	90,000
Repayment of long-term debt		(79,415)	(85,481)
,			()/
		566,606	4,519
Increase in cash and cash equivalents			
during the year		223,520	675,025
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		1,095,149	420,124
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	1, <b>318,669</b> \$	1,095,149

#### December 31, 2023

#### Management Responsibility

The financial statements of The Corporation of the Township of Chisholm (the "Township") are the representations of management. They have been prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards ("PSAB"). The Township provides municipal services such as general government, fire, building, protection to persons, transportation, environmental, health, social, family, recreation, culture, planning and development services.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

Management considers all highly liquid investments with maturity of three months or less at acquisition to be cash equivalents.

#### Inventories

Inventory of supplies are stated at the lower of cost and replacement cost. Cost is generally determined on the first-in, first-out basis.

#### **Tangible Capital Assets**

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost less accumulated amortization. Cost includes all costs directly attributable to acquisition or construction of the tangible capital asset including transportation costs, installation costs, design and engineering fees, legal fees and site preparation costs. Contributed tangible capital assets are recorded at fair value at the time of the donation, with a corresponding amount recorded as revenue. Amortization is recorded on a straight-line basis over the estimated life of the tangible capital asset commencing once the asset is available for productive use as follows:

Roads	10 to 45 years
Bridges and culverts	20 to 75 years
Buildings	50 to 60 years
Vehicles	5 to 15 years
Machinery and equipment	5 to 20 years
Computer hardware and software	5 to 10 years
Land improvements	20 to 25 years

A full year of amortization is taken in the year of acquisition

# Landfill Closure and Post-closure Accrual

The estimated costs to close and maintain solid waste landfill sites are based on estimated future expenses in current dollars, discounted, adjusted for estimation inflation, and are charged to expense as the landfill site's capacity is used.

#### December 31, 2023

#### Retirement Benefits and Other Employee Benefit Plans

Liabilities for vacations and sick leave credits earned but not taken are accrued as earned.

The Township is an employer member of the Ontario Municipal Employees Retirement System (OMERS), which is a multi-employer, defined benefit pension plan. The Board of Trustees, representing plan members and employers, is responsible for overseeing the management of the pension plan, including investment of the assets and administration of the benefits. The Township has adopted defined contribution plan accounting principles for this Plan because insufficient information is available to apply defined benefit plan accounting principles. The Township records as pension expense the current service cost, amortization of past service costs and interest costs related to the future employer contributions to the Plan for past employee service.

#### Collection of Taxes on Behalf of School Boards

The Township collects taxation revenue on behalf of the school boards. The taxation revenues, other revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities with respect to the operations of the school boards are not reflected in these financial statements.

#### Trust Funds

Funds held in trust by the Township, and their related operations, are not included in these financial statements.

#### December 31, 2023

#### **Revenue Recognition**

#### a. Taxation

Taxes are recorded at estimated amounts when they meet the definition of an asset, have been authorized and the taxable event occurs. For property taxes, the taxable event is the period for which the tax is levied. Taxes receivable are recognized net of an allowance for anticipated uncollectible amounts.

#### b. User fees and other

User fees and other revenue are recognized on an accrual basis.

#### c. Government transfers

Transfer payments, which include legislative grants, are recognized in the financial statements in the period in which the events giving rise to the transfer occurs, providing the transfers are authorized, any eligibility criteria have been met and reasonable estimates of the amount can be determined.

Conditional grant revenue is recognized to the extent the conditions imposed on it have been fulfilled. Unconditional grant revenue is recognized when monies are receivable.

Grants for the acquisition of tangible capital assets are recognized in the period in which eligible acquisitions are made.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from management's best estimates as additional information becomes available in the future.

In particular, management's estimate for the landfill closure and post-closure liability is subject to measurement uncertainty. The estimate is based on assumptions and calculations contained in an engineer's report completed in 2022, modified as necessary for the passage of time and actual use of the landfill site. Actual results could differ significantly from those estimates because of the uncertainty related to future cost estimates and future use of the landfill site.

#### December 31, 2023

#### Financial Instruments

Cash and portfolio instruments quoted in an active market are measured at fair value. Accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, and long-term debt are measured at cost or amortized cost. The carrying amount of each of these financial instruments is presented on the statement of financial position.

Unrealized gains and losses from changes in the fair value of financial instruments are recognized in the statement of remeasurement gains and losses. Upon settlement, the cumulative gain or loss is reclassified from the statement of remeasurement gains and losses and recognized in the statement of operations. Interest and dividends attributable to financial instruments are reported in the statement of operations.

For financial instruments measured using amortized cost, the effective interest rate method is used to determine interest revenue or expense.

All financial assets are tested annually for impairment. When financial assets are impaired, impairment losses are recorded in the statement of operations.

Transaction costs are added to the carrying value for financial instruments measured using cost or amortized cost. Transaction costs are expensed for financial instruments measured at fair value.

# December 31, 2023

#### 1. Financial Instruments

#### Classification

The carrying value of each class of the Municipality's financial instruments is provided in the following table.

J			2023
	Fair Value	Cost/ Amortized Cost	Total
Cash and cash equivalents Taxes and Accounts receivable Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Long-term debt	\$ 1,318,669	\$ - 459,381	\$1,318,669 459,381
	-	972,635 904,226	972,635 904,226
	\$ 1,318,669	\$ 2,336,242	\$ 3,654,911
			2022
	Fair Value	Cost/ Amortized Cost	Total
Cash and cash equivalents Taxes and Accounts receivable	\$ 1,095,149	\$ - 432,145	\$ 1,095,149 432,145
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Long-term debt	- -	158,372 337,619	158,372 337,619
	\$ 1,095,149	\$ 928,136	\$ 2,023,285

#### December 31, 2023

#### 1. Financial Instruments (continued)

#### Financial Instrument Fair Value Measurement

The following table provides an analysis of financial instruments that are measured at fair value, using a fir value hierarchy of levels 1 to 3. The levels reflect the significance of the inputs used in making the fair value measurements, as described below:

- Level 1 Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices)
- Level 3 Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs)

		2023		
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,318,669 \$	- \$	- :	\$ 1,318,669
		2022		
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,095,149 \$	- \$	- 9	\$ 1,095,149

There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 for the year ended December 31, 2023. There were also no transfers in or out of Level 3.

#### Financial Instrument Risk Management

The Municipality is exposed to credit risk, liquidity risk, interest rate risk and other price risk from its financial instruments. This note describes the Municipality's objectives, policies and processes for managing those risks and the methods used to measure them. Further qualitative and quantitative information in respect of these risks is presented below and throughout these financial statements.

#### December 31, 2023

#### 1. Financial Instruments (continued)

#### Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Municipality if a debtor fails to make payments of interest and principal when due. Other than the impairment of receivables disclosed in Note 5, it is management's opinion that the Municipality is not exposed to significant credit risk.

_	0-30 days	31-90 days	91-365 days	1 to 2 years	3 to 10 years
Cash and cash equivalents Taxes receivable	1,318,669 8,173	\$ - -	\$ - 222,053	\$ - 3,023	\$ -
Accounts receivable	226,132	•	-	-	_
Total	1,552,974	-	222,053	3,023	-

#### Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk and equity risk.

#### **Currency Risk**

Current risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign currency rates. The Municipality is not exposed to currency risk.

#### **Equity Risk**

Equity risk is the uncertainty associated with the valuation of assets arising from changes in equity markets. The Municipality is not exposed to this risk.

#### December 31, 2023

#### 1. Financial Instruments (continued)

#### Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Municipality will encounter difficulty in meeting its obligations associated with financial liabilities. Liquidity risk includes the risk that, as a result of operational liquidity requirements, the Municipality will not have sufficient funds to settle a transaction on the due date; will be forced to sell financial assets at a value, which is less than what they are worth; or may be unable to settle or recover a financial asset. The Municipality is exposed to this risk mainly in respect of accounts payable and accrued liabilities and long-term debt. The Municipality's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient cash flows to fund its operations and to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions. There have not been any changes to these risks from the prior year. Unless otherwise noted, the expected cash outflows are within one year. The following table sets out the contractual maturities (representing undiscounted contractual cash-flows) of financial liabilities:

				20	23			
		Within 6 months		6 months to 1 year	1	to 5 years		over 5 year
Accounts payable Long-term debt	\$	973,857 92,753	\$	- 92,753	\$	- 718,720	\$	-
Total financial liabilities		1,066,610		92,753		718,720		-
	2022							
		Within 6 months		6 months to 1 year	1	to 5 years		over 5 year
Accounts payable Long-term debt	\$	162,982 39,747	\$	- 39,747	\$	- 258,125	\$	-
Total financial liabilities		202,729		39,747		258,125		-

#### Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the potential for financial loss caused by fluctuations in fair value or future cash flows of financial instruments because of changes in market interest rates. The Municipality is exposed to this risk through its long term debt.

The Municipality holds long-term debt with variable interest rates which involve risks of default on interest and principal and price changes due to, without limitation, such factors as interest rate changes and general economic conditions.

The Municipality structures its finances so as to stagger the maturities of debt, thereby minimizing exposure to interest rate fluctuations.

Decem	ber	31.	2023
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2.	Taxes Receivable	-	2023	5,50%	2022
	Current taxes Taxes in arrears Interest	\$	181,382 39,730 12,137	\$	132,203 38,061 11,208
		\$_	233,249	\$	181,472

Property tax billings are prepared by the Township based on assessment rolls issued by the Municipal Property Assessment Corporation (MPAC). Tax rates are established annually by Council, incorporating amounts to be raised for local services, the requisition made by the various local boards in respect of Regional services and amounts the Township is required to collect on behalf of the Province of Ontario in respect of education taxes. A normal part of the assessment process is the issuance of supplementary assessment rolls which provide updated information with respect to changes in property assessment. Once a supplementary assessment roll is received, the Township determines the taxes applicable and renders supplementary tax billings.

3.	Accounts Receivable	 2023	,	2022
	Due from federal government GST/HST receivable Other receivables	\$ 10,000 204,656 11,477	\$	100,000 88,550 62,125
		\$ 226,133	\$	250,675
4.	Inventories	2023		2022
	Granular A Winter sand Fuel Culverts Cold Mix	\$ 12,508 64,589 6,835 1,526 1,980	\$	18,607 28,891 11,528 7,214 3,220
		\$ 87,438	\$	69,460

December 31, 2023

#### 5. Tangible Capital Assets

						 							2023
	Lanc	1	Roads	<u>.                                    </u>	Bridges and Culverts	Buildings		Vehicles	Machinery and Equipment	and	Work in Progress		Total
Cost, beginning of year	\$ 398,811	Ś	19,357,196	\$	4,143,958	\$ 436,655	\$	1,245,013	\$ 513,386	\$ 118,914	\$ 263,243	\$ 26,	477,176
Additions	-	•	258,757	•	797,679	, <u> </u>	•	397,014	76,198	•	96,601		626,249
Disposals			,		-	-		(94,430)	•	_	· -	,	(94,430)
Transfers	-		-			359,844			-	_	(359,844)		•
Cost, end of year	398,811		19,615,953		4,941,637	796,499		1,547,597	589,584	118,914	-	28,	008,995
Accumulated amortization, beginning of year			15,134,927		2,371,656	184,161		873,232	165,981	97,329	_	18,	827,286
Amortization	-		375,711		63,662	20,525		113,802	39,333		-	-	613,033
Disposals	_		· -			· .		(94,431)		-	_		(94,431)
Accumulated amortization, end of year	-		15,510,638		2,435,318	204,686		892,603	205,314	97,329	-	19,	345,888
Net carrying amount, end of year	\$ 398,811	\$	4,105,315	\$	2,506,319	\$ 591,813	\$	654,994	\$ 384,270	\$ 21,585	\$ _	\$8,	663,107

#### December 31, 2023

#### 5. Tangible Capital Assets (continued)

									2022
	Land	Road	Bridges and		Vehicles	Machinery and Equipment	Computer Hardware and Software	Work in Progress	Total
Cost, beginning of year Additions	\$ 398,811	\$ 19,290,445 66,75	5 \$ 4,143,958 1 -	\$ 431,613 5,042	\$ 1,245,013	\$ 488,675 24,711	\$ 90,879 \$ 28,035	- \$ 263,243	26,089,394 387,782
Cost, end of year	398,811	19,357,196		436,655	1,245,013	513,386	118,914	263,243	26,477,176
Accumulated amortization, beginning of year Amortization	-	14,709,384 425,543	, ,	170,833 13,328	801,631 71,601	135,707 30,274	86,794 10,535	-	18,211,218 616,068
Accumulated amortization, end of year	-	15,134,927		184,161	873,232	165,981	97,329	•	18,827,286
Net carrying amount, end of year	\$ 398,811	\$ 4,222,269	\$ 1,772,302	\$ 252,494	\$ 371,781	\$ 347,405	\$ 21,585 \$	263,243 \$	7,649,890

#### December 31, 2023

#### 6. Credit Facilities

The Township has a line of credit with a maximum credit limit of \$400,000. The line of credit is due on demand and bears interest at the bank's prime rate plus 0.75%, calculated and payable monthly. The line of credit is unsecured. The balance used at year end was \$Nil (2022 - \$Nil)

7. Accounts Payable  Trade accounts payable Due to school boards			2023	2022
		\$		
		_	972,635 1,222	\$ 158,372 4,609
		\$	973,857	\$ 162,981
8. Long-term Debt				
			2023	 2022
Ontario Infrastructure and Lands Co February 2027, repayable in semi-ar of \$13,446 principal and interest, se piece of equipment.	nnual payments	\$	89,344	\$ 113,400
Ontario Infrastructure and Lands Co December 2028, repayable in semi-a of \$14,889 principal and interest, se piece of equipment.	annual payments		136,256	160,940
Scotiabank loan - 6.37%, due Decemmonthly payments \$6,614 of princiby a specific piece of equipment.	ber 2027, repayable in pal and interest, secured	,	279,690	-
Scotiabank loan - 2.75%, due Decem monthly payments of \$2,607 princip by a specific piece of equipment.	ber 2024, repayable in val and interest, secured		33,308	63,279
Scotiabank loan - 6.37%, due Decem monthly payments of \$5,406 princip by a specific piece of equipment.	ber 2030, repayable in val and interest, secured		365,628	 -
		\$	904,226	\$ 337,619

#### December 31, 2023

#### 8. Long-term Debt (continued)

Principal repayments for the next five years and thereafter are as follows:

2024	\$ 185,506
2025	166,943
2026	174,145
2027	170,432
2028	84,853
Thereafter	 122,347
	\$ 904,226

Interest expense paid relating to the long-term debt above is \$9,295 (2022 - \$11,473) and has been included in transportation services expense on the statement of operations.

#### 9. Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Accrual

Solid waste closure and post-closure care requirements have been defined in accordance with industry standards and include final covering and landscaping of the landfill, removal of ground water and leachates, and ongoing environmental monitoring, site inspection and maintenance. The present value of the Township's estimated future liability for this expense is recognized as the landfill site's capacity is used. The liability and annual expense is calculated based on the ratio of utilization to total capacity of the landfill site and the discounted estimated cash flows associated with closure and post-closure activities. The reported liability as at year end was \$223,146 (2022 - \$219,308) and reflects a discount rate of 2.75% (2022 - 2.75%).

The liability is based on estimates and assumptions related to events extending over the remaining life of the landfill. Future events could impact the established total expenses, capacity used or total capacity. If such events occur it would be treated as a change in estimate and dealt with prospectively.

The landfill is expected to reach its capacity in 26 years and the estimated remaining capacity is 18,114 cubic metres which is 45.00% (2022 - 47.00%) of the site's total capacity based on an updated survey completed in September 2022. The total discounted estimated future expenditures for closure and post-closure care are \$412,165 (2022 - \$364,753) leaving an amount to be recognized of \$199,479 (2022 - \$145,445). The estimated length of time needed for post-closure care is 25 years.

Municipal reserves for the landfill site total \$129,664 (2022 - \$119,264).

#### December 31, 2023

#### 10. Post Employment Benefits Accrual

Under the sick leave benefit plan, unused sick leave can accumulate and employees may become entitled to a cash payment when they leave the Township's employment.

The liability for these accumulated days, to the extent that they have accumulated and could be taken in cash by an employee on termination, amounted to \$19,516 (2022 - \$10,815) at the end of the year. The liability has been calculated using the salary rates in effect at the end of the respective fiscal period.

11. Deferred Revenue		2023		2022
	_	500.077	_	204.662
Deferred revenue, beginning of year	\$	508,877	\$	204,662
Add: Canada community building fund contributions		85,449		81,889
OCIF contributions		139,104		163,652
Interest earned		21,420		5,624
Northern Ontario Resource Development funding		72,781		81,650
Other funding		-		1,450
Less:				
Utilization of funds, Canada community building fun	d	(195,356)		-
Utilization of funds, OCIF		(355,455)		-
Utilization of funds, NORDS		(154,431)		-
Utilization of funds, Covid		-		(20,952)
Utilization of funds, Modernization		-		(7,848)
Utilization of funds, Lakeshore road funding	_	<b>In</b>		(1,250)
Deferred revenue, end of year	\$	122,389	\$	508,877

Canada community building fund (formerly "gas tax") revenue is provided by the Government of Canada. The use of the funding is established by the funding agreement signed between the Township and the Association of Municipalities of Ontario. Canada community building fund funding must be used towards designated projects as specified in the funding agreements.

#### December 31, 2023

#### 12. Ontario Municipal Employees Retirement System

The Township makes contributions to the Ontario Municipal Employees Retirement Fund ("OMERS"), which is a multi-employer pension plan, on behalf of full-time members of staff. The plan is a defined benefit plan, which specifies the amount of the retirement benefit to be received by the employees based on the length of service and rates of pay. The Board of Trustees, representing plan members and employers, is responsible for overseeing the management of the pension plan, including investment of the assets and administration of the benefits. OMERS provides pension services to over half a million active, deferred and retired members and 1,000 employers.

Each year an independent actuary determines the funding status of OMERS Primary Pension Plan (the Plan) by comparing the actuarial value of invested assets to the estimated present value of all pension benefits that members have earned to date. The most recent actuarial valuation of the Plan was conducted at December 31, 2023. The results of this valuation disclosed total actuarial liabilities of 136,185 million in respect of benefits accrued for service with actuarial assets at that date of \$131,983 million indicating a going concern actuarial deficit of \$4,202 million. Because OMERS is a multi-employer plan, any pension plan surpluses or deficits are a joint responsibility of Ontario municipal organizations and their employees. As a result, the Township does not recognize any share of the OMERS pension surplus or deficit. Contributions made by the Township to OMERS for 2023 were \$43,253 (2022 - \$40,322).

#### December 31, 2023

#### 13. Accumulated Surplus

The Township segregates its accumulated surplus in the following categories:

	2023	2022
Investment in tangible capital assets (i) General surplus Amounts to be recovered (iii) Reserves and reserve funds (ii)	\$ 8,663,107 \$ 201,804 (1,146,888) 567,439	7,649,890 247,706 (567,742) 677,192
	\$ 8,285,462 \$	8,007,046

- i) The investment in tangible capital assets represents amounts already spent and invested in infrastructure and other non-financial assets.
- ii) Reserve funds represent funds set aside by bylaw or council resolution for specific purposes.

Fire department Working funds Capital expenses Broadband One time efficiency Road equipment Property clean up Parks equipment Levies Aggregate pits Recreational prizes Building department Emergency planning Election expenses OPZB Review Landfill closure Integrity Commissioner	\$	120,656 11,134 10,685 30,000 - 119,319 15,000 2,038 60,000 19,600 1,029 31,451 1,899 2,500 10,000 129,664 1,500	\$	184,578 11,134 10,685 30,000 57,286 57,676 15,000 2,038 60,000 19,600 1,029 30,503 1,899 2,500 12,500 119,264 1,500
Integrity Commissioner Future road needs Total reserve funds	 \$	1,500 964 567,439	Ś	1,500 60,000 677,192
10101101101101	<u>-</u>	,		

#### December 31, 2023

#### 13. Accumulated Surplus (continued)

iii) Represents amounts to be recovered from future taxation revenues.

	<u>\$</u>	1,146,888	\$	567,742
Post employment benefits liability to be recovered in future years		19,516	· · · · · ·	10,815
Capital outlay financed by long-term liabilities to be recovered in future years.		904,226		337,619
Landfill closure and post-closure costs to be recovered in future years	‡ \$	223,146	\$	219,308

#### 14. Taxation

Tundelon	2023	2022		
Taxation raised for municipal purposes Payments in lieu of taxation	\$ 1,808,933 \$ 548	1,739,604 548		
	\$ 1,809,481 \$	1,740,152		

Taxes of \$233,786 (2022 - \$228,047), net of adjustments, raised on behalf of and submitted to the school boards, have not been included in the above totals.

#### December 31, 2023

#### 15. Budget

The Budget By-law adopted by Council on May 25, 2023 was not prepared on a basis consistent with that used to report actual results. The budget was prepared on a modified accrual basis while Canadian public sector accounting standards require a full accrual basis. The budget figures anticipated using surpluses accumulated in previous years to reduce current year expenses in excess of current year revenues to \$Nil. In addition, the budget expensed all tangible capital expenses rather than including amortization expense. As a result, the budget figures presented in the statements of operations and change in net financial assets represent the Financial Plan adopted by Council on May 25, 2023 with adjustments as follows:

		2023
Budget By-law surplus for the year Add:	\$	-
Debt repayment Transfers to reserve funds		114,155 48,900
Less: Transfers from reserve funds	***************************************	33,900
Budget (deficit) surplus per statement of operations	\$	129,155

16. Expenses by Object	2023	 2022
Salaries and benefits Materials Contracted services Interest External transfers Amortization	\$ 781,699 897,793 730,948 9,295 14,785 613,033	\$ 695,508 759,972 711,446 11,473 14,049 616,068
	\$ 3,047,553	\$ 2,808,516

#### December 31, 2023

#### 17. Trust Fund

The trust fund administered by the Township amounting to \$41,207 (2022 - \$42,818) related to the Cemetery has not been included in the Statement of Financial Position nor have its operations been included on the Statement of Operations.

#### 18. Segment Disclosures

The Township is a diversified municipal government institution that provides a wide range of services to its citizens such as police and fire. Distinguishable functional segments have been separately disclosed in the segmented information. The nature of the segments and the activities they encompass are as follows:

#### Council

This relates to the revenues and expenses that are directly attributable to municipal Council functions.

#### General Government

This relates to the revenues and expenses of the Township itself and cannot be directly attributed to specific segments.

#### **Protection to Persons**

Protection is comprised of police services, animal control and livestock evaluators. The police services work to ensure the safety and protection of the citizens and their property.

#### Fire Department

The fire department is responsible to provide fire suppression service, fire prevention programs, training and education. The members of the fire department consist of volunteers.

#### **Building Department**

This department provides a number of services including maintenance and enforcement of building and construction codes.

#### December 31, 2023

#### 18. Segment Disclosures (continued)

#### **Transportation Services**

Transportation is responsible for maintaining the Township's roadway systems.

#### **Environmental Services**

Environmental services consists of providing recycling and waste disposal to citizens.

#### Health, Social and Family Services

Health services are comprised of public health services which works to improve the overall health of the population and overcome health inequalities by providing services to individuals and communities. Social and family services provides services that are meant to help the less fortunate in society. Social housing is provided to help shelter families and elderly in need. Child care funding is provided to subsidize day cares and to provide early learning programs. The ambulance service transports the injured to the hospital and provides emergency medical care to those in distress.

#### Recreation and Culture

Recreation and culture represents cultural activity support within the Township. This includes maintenance and upkeep of parks, running recreation programs, and providing library services.

#### Planning and Development

This department provides a number of services including municipal planning and review of all property development plans through its application process.

The accounting policies of the segments are the same as those described in the summary of significant accounting policies. In measuring and reporting segment revenue from transactions with other segments, inter segment transfers are measured on the basis of the percentage of budgeted expenses.

#### December 31, 2023

#### 18. Segment Disclosures (continued)

		Council	G	General overnment	 Protection to Persons	De	Fire partment	ı	Building Department	Tr	ransportation Services	Env	rironmental Services	ealth, Social & Family Services	Recreation & Culture	lanning & elopment	Jnallocated Amounts		2023 Total
Revenues Government transfers and grants Taxation Other User fees	\$	- - -	\$	- - 570 1,380	\$ 1,180 - 2,107	\$	-	\$	- - - 35,584	\$	689,810 - 116,428	\$	27,428 6,082	\$ - - 982 -	\$ - - -	\$ 5,014 - - - 30,523	518,400 1,809,481 81,000		1,214,404 1,809,481 228,515 73,569
				1,950	3,287				35,584		806,238		33,510	982	-	35,537	2,408,881		3,325,969
Expenses Salaries and benefits Materials		39,845 12,833		283,530 125,268	5,068 2,810		37,480 176,293				401,858 471,991		13,918 53,397	- 2,664	- 13,284	39,253			781,699 897,793
Contracted services Interest External		-		57,617 -	171,400 -		:		29,646		1,904 9,295		36,515	394,076 -	30,996 -	8,794	:		730,948 9,295
transfers Amortization			··· ,	1,345 16,039	13,440		8,539		-		578,014		-	-	10,441				14,785 613,033
		52,678		483,799	192,718		222,312		29,646		1,463,062		103,830	396,740	54,721	 48,047	-	:	3,047,553
Annual (deficit) surplus	\$ \$	(52,678)	\$	(481,849)	\$ (189,431)	\$ (	(222,312)	\$	5,938	\$	(656,824)	\$	(70,320)	\$ (395,758)	\$ (54,721)	\$ (12,510)	\$ 2,408,881	\$	278,416

### December 31, 2023

#### 18. Segment Disclosures (continued)

	Council	General Government	Protection to Person		Building Department	Transportation Services	Environmental Services			Planning & Development	Unallocated Amounts	2022 Total
Revenues Government transfers and grants Taxation Other User fees	\$ :	\$ - 3,040 3,300	\$ 207 - 6,753	-	\$ - - - 34,162	\$ 236,980 - 30,106	\$ - - 23,528 4,044	\$ - 1,584	\$ - - - -	\$ 2,027 5 - - 16,026	5 515,800 : 1,740,152 62,780	\$ 755,014 1,740,152 128,220 57,532
		6,340	6,960	429	34,162	267,086	27,572	1,584		18,053	2,318,732	2,680,918
Expenses Salaries and benefits Materials	25,690 10,705	269,461 122,667	6,130 4,980		:	343,761 453,481	17,627 66,588	- 705	- 17,198	- 16,050	:	695,508 759,972
Contracted services Interest	-	51,677	173,496	•	22,248	6,284 11,473	37,667 -	379,861	30,669	9,544 -		711,446 11,473
External transfers Amortization	-	1,638 20,089	12,411	- 8,539	-	576,999	-	-	- 10,441	•	-	14,049 616,068
	36,395	465,532	197,017	108,976	22,248	1,391,998	121,882	380,566	58,308	25,594		2,808,516
Annual (deficit) surplus	\$ (36,395)	\$ (459,192)	\$ (190,057	\$ (108,547)	\$ 11,914	\$ (1,124,912)	\$ (94,310)	\$ (378,982)	\$ (58,308)	\$ (7,541) \$	2,318,732	\$ (127,598)